# Coushatta Camellia Society

## October 2015 Newsletter

P.O. Box 1655, Conroe, TX 77305

### **GREETINGS, CAMELLIA LOVERS!**

Fall is the time for cooler temperatures, but our friendships stay warm, despite the weather.

Our first meeting of the year, October 4, went very well with good attendance and a fine meal with all the homemade pot luck dishes and desserts. There was a business meeting and discussions let by several of our members about seedlings and grafted plants.

With our camellia show coming up in mid-January, we are fortunate to have Tommy Weeks as our program for the November meeting. He will be doing a presentation on flower preparation and gibbing in time to get us ready with our best blooms.

In addition we will be deciding what we should do to have a group celebration of the holidays at our December meeting. Come and bring your ideas.

We owe a big thank you to our members Dick Eidem, Bill McCranor and Don Marcotte for working at the Texas Polinators Symposium of the Master Gardeners in Huntsville selling camellia plants. They sold 18 plants and netted our Club \$450. Not only were they there to sell the plants, but they got plants to the event and took back the unsold ones to the Eidems. What a busy day!



# Upcoming Events

November 8 ..... November meeting 2:30 p.m. social; 3:00 p.m.Mtg. Our speaker – Tommy Weeks First Christian Church Parlor 3500 N Loop 336W, Conroe

December 13 .... December meeting
Format for this meeting
To be determined at November
Meeting

January 10 ... January meeting 2:30 p.m. social; 3:00 p.m.Mtg. Our speaker – TBD First Christian Church Parlor 3500 N Loop 336W, Conroe

January 14 ... Conroe Show Set up Come and help

January 15 . .. Conroe Show Bring some of your best Camellias to show

### A Message from the Treasurer:

Our treasurer would like to thank all of you who have already paid your dues, and to remind those who have not yet sent in their money - NOW is the time to PAY THOSE DUES! Its \$10 for a single membership and \$15 for a joint membership, a price which can't be beat.

You may call **Dick Eidem**, our Treasurer, if you are not sure whether or not you have paid your dues for 2015-2016.

Mail your check to him at 11363 Newton Circle, Conroe, TX 77303-3249

**Dudley Boudreaux** 

### **Officers and Directors:**

At-large-Director

President Don Marcotte 1<sup>st</sup> Vice President, Programs TBD 2<sup>nd</sup> Vice President, **Show Person** Randy McDaniel **Recording Secretary** Sarah Eidem Treasurer Dick Eidem **Immediate Past President** Oscar Schank At-large-Director Bill McCranor At-large-Director Hal Vanis



### Brief Calendar for the Year

Oct 4 - Kickoff Meeting
Oct 16 - Annual Plant Sale
Nov 8 - Regular Meeting

Dec 13 - Meeting - Possible Party to

be decided

Jan 10 - Regular Meeting Nominating

Committee

Jan 15 - Setup Conroe Show

Jan 16 - Conroe Show

Feb 5 - Huntsville Show setup

Feb 6 - Huntsville Show

Feb 21 - Home Tour

Mar 13 - Regular Meeting Election of

officers

Apr10 - End of year Meeting

### **Selecting and Locating Your Camellia Plants**

By William L. (Bill) Wilson, Decatur, Georgia

First of all let us establish that there will be no attempt at humor in this article; far from it, for the business of selecting a camellia plant is an important matter; actually a matter of LIFE or DEATH. There are a number of things that should be taken into consideration in the selection of a plant but never let anyone take from you the privilege of making this weighty decision. Therein lies a great deal of the fun, as well as the responsibility.

Your local nurseryman makes the first selection of many plants, from which you have an opportunity to choose. These are the major points which both you and he should consider:

- (1) The largest plants are not always the best buy. The 2 to 3 ft. size is very desirable.
- (2) Plants grown (not recently lifted into) in containers have all their roots available at the time of sale
- (3) There are many varieties of camellias, but not all are good outdoors in this area.
- (4) You may think that you prefer formal double or imbricated flower, but in general they do not perform best outdoors.
- (5) If you select a balled-and-burlap plant, and the soil is very heavy, use caution and avoid getting cheese-like clay. Soil of this kind must be very carefully removed from the roots before planting or they may never develop in the new location.
- (6) Do not choose plants with yellow leaves, dead wood, or blemishes on the bark, but rather look for good green color, crisp leaves, and general vigorous appearance. (It should be noted that a drooping habit of growth is characteristic and normal with certain varieties.)
- (7) Look for healthy growth buds, and don't judge a plant by the number of bloom buds.
- (8) Grafted plants are not necessarily better plants, for trouble can later develop at the point of union of scion and understock.
- (9) Early (fall) and late (March 1-April 15) varieties have certain advantages since they bloom at times when we have less cold weather. However, there are many more midseason (January-February) varieties and most of the ones we have do bloom at this time. Therefore, do not discount midseason flowers, for many *are* suitable for outdoors and give us some of our most beautiful blooms.

Now as to locating your plant; the book may say to select a spot on the north side of the house. However, we have to remember that your north side is the south exposure of your neighbor. So rather keep in mind these general principles:

- (1) Semi-share is desirable especially that provided by pine trees. Certain varieties, however, do perform well in full sun. Your nurseryman should be able to inform you as to these. The color of the plant will be better in semi-shade, while you may get a few more bloom buds in a sunny area.
- (2) It is most important to keep the cold north and west wind off the plant. Use natural means, such as protection by hillside or terrain or windbreak of evergreen plants, or you may employ structural means, as fence.
- (3) Camellias should always be located where they can be assured of good drainage. This is a matter of location as well as correct planting.